Social Sciences Coordinating Committee: General Process Suggestions for the Sustained Assessment

The USGCRP Social Sciences Coordinating Committee reviewed the Third National Climate Assessment and developed this set of suggestions for the <u>General Process</u> of carrying out the Sustained National Climate Assessment and future Quadrennial Reports.

Selection of Author Teams:

- Why this is important: A diverse and multidisciplinary author team is better positioned to synthesize chapters that meet the NCA mission.
- Suggestions:
 - Use an open nomination process that stresses the importance of team skills
 - Include at least two social scientists from different disciplines on author teams
 - Select authors that either have interdisciplinary experience working across both the physical and social sciences OR are motivated to gain those experiences and skills
 - Use cross-chapter "tiger teams" to provide expertise and ensure consistency (e.g., regarding use of scenarios)
 - o Choose authors from socioeconomically disadvantaged states/communities
 - Choose authors from diverse career stages
- Examples of where this has been done well:
 - NCA3 Coasts chapter (team was geographically diverse; included social, physical, ecological scientists...)
 - NAS: Enhancing the Effectiveness of Team Science

Professional Development for Authors:

- Why this is important: This will provide NCA authors with a toolkit that enables them to work together as effective teams and meet the needs of the Nation.
- Suggestions:
 - Include several professional development modules, widely accessible, with both "live" and written resources.
 - Possible topics:
 - Team science and collaborative skills
 - Consistent treatment of risk, valuation, scenarios, certainty, and other topics
 - Communication (report writing and outreach)
- Examples of where this has been done well:
 - Communication training for NCA3 authors, NCADAC, Climate and Health Assessment draft
 - Climate and Health Assessment author team meeting (September 2014)
 - NAS: Enhancing the Effectiveness of Team Science

• Team Science Resources from SciTS Conference

<u>Consider Alternate Definitions for Regions</u>:

- Why this is important: Region should encompass areas that are climatically, culturally, and economically cohesive. Evidence from NCA3 indicate strong reader interest in regional information.
- Suggestions:
 - Keep regions similar to NCA3
 - In general, use state boundaries to delineate regions
 - Some shifts may be desirable based on economy or culture
 - Consider splitting the Great Plains North/South (between NE and KS)
 - Consider putting Northern CA with NW region and put the rest of CA with SW region
 - Dividing line: horizontal line running from the southern tip of Lake Tahoe
 - Consider adding Mountain region (CO, WY, MT, ID)
- Examples of where this has been done well:
 - NCA1 use of regions and megaregions

Consider Alternate Definitions for Sectors:

- Why this is important: People tend to be inclusive and cross-cutting in how they see sectors. The sector names in the GCRA do not always capture how people view their world.
- Suggestions:
 - Consider alternative cross-sector groupings, especially for use in regional chapters
 - E.g., business, labor, tourism, energy-water-land, fisheries
 - Designate coasts and oceans as sectors, rather than regions
- Examples of where this has been done well:
 - <u>Vermont Climate Assessment</u> (e.g., chapters on Recreation and Tourism; Food)
 - Risky Business: Midwest (Agriculture)